The Research Grants Council of Hong Kong Collaborative Research Fund Group Research Projects Completion Report

(for completed projects only)

Part A: The Project and Investigator(s)

1. Project Title

Quantum Control and Quantum Information Processing

2. Investigator(s) and Academic Department/Units Involved (please highlight approved changes in the composition of the project team and quote the date when RGC granted approval of such changes)

			Average number of hours per week
			spent on this project
			in the current
Research Team	Name/Post	Unit/Department/Institution	reporting period
Project	Z. D. Wang/	Department of Physics / HKU	12
Coordinator	Chair Professor		
Co-Principal	H. F. Chau/ Professor	Department of Physics / HKU	10
investigator(s)	S. Du/Associate	Department of Physics /	10
	Professor	HKUST	
	R.B. Liu /	Department of Physics /	10
	Associate Professor	CUHK	
	W. Yao / Assoc. Prof.	Department of Physics / HKU	10

3. Project Duration

	Original	Revised	Date of RGC Approval (must be quoted)
Project Start Date	01.06.2012		
Project Completion Date	31.05.2015		
Duration (in month)	36		
Deadline for Submission of Completion Report	31.05.2016		

Part B: The Final Report

5. **Project Objectives**

5.1 Objectives as per original application

1. To explore exotic topological superfluidity of Dirac fermions and quantum particles with effective spin-orbit interactions both analytically and numerically, and address its promising or potential applications in robust quantum information processing. By using the cold-atoms plus well-designed laser beams, we will simulate and manipulate various novel quantum phenomena that are fundamentally important but can hardly be observed in natural materials.

2. To investigate the preparation of quantum state with multi-partite entanglement by irreversible dynamics in realistic physical systems; explore the use of these quantum states in applications such as quantum communication and quantum metrology.

3. To study dynamical decoupling and control for protecting quantum coherence in novel matters and devices such as topological insulators/superconductors and cold atoms in optical fields, so as to suppress the environmental noises.

4. To establish a theory on detection of new physics in topological matters via coherence of central spins, by developing the concepts of electron spin resonance spectroscopy.

5. To develop a linear quantum information processor using narrowband single photons with time qubits.

6. To investigate the security of quantum key distribution in realistic experimental

setups including those using narrowband photon pairs.

5.2 Revised objectives

- 1. To study quantum state control and applications using photons, atoms, and artificial atoms in solids, including to explore fundamental quantum physics with applications in quantum information processing and to develop novel experimentally feasible approaches/setup for quantum control and quantum metrology as well as for quantum simulation.
- 2. To explore realistic quantum communication based on photons and atoms by concentrating on experimental schemes and implementation, which includes to develop and to implement secured quantum key distribution protocols using entangled single photons with long coherence time.

Date of approval from the RGC: <u>24-02-2012</u>

Reasons for the change:

Since the awarded amount of grant is significantly reduced as compared with the originally requested one, which has an obvious impact on our original plan, we, following the CRF Sub-Committee's advice and taking into account reviewers' relevant comments, recast the original objectives (1-4) and (5-6) respectively as the present revised objectives (1) and (2), focusing on the collaborative work of the experimental part as well as the relevant theoretical research.

6. Research Outcome

6.1 Major findings and research outcome *(maximum 1 page; please make reference to Part C where necessary)*

We designed and experimentally demonstrated a noise-resilient two-qubit gates via in diamond [Nat. Comm. 4, 2254 (2013)], and experimentally demonstrated detection of NMR and structural characterization of a single pair of nuclear spin qubits under multipulse dynamical decoupling control [Nat. Phys. 10, 21 (2014)]. In addition, we proposed a scheme to detect quantum phase transitions at high temperatures using the qubit decoherence [Phys. Rev. Lett. 109, 195701 (2012)]. Moreover, we established a unified theory of topological gapless bands including topological metals and nodal superconductors, and addressed its applications and relevant models [Phys. Rev. Lett. 110, 240404(2013); Phys. Rev. Lett. 114, 206602 (2015); Phys. Rev. Lett. 116, 016401 (2016)]. We also discovered novel quantum control possibilities of excitons in monolayer transition metal

dichalcogenides [**Nat. Comm. 5**, 3876 (2014)], and addressed pseudospins in these layered dichalcogenides [**Nat. Phys. 10**, 343 (2014)].

(2) We reported the first experimental demonstration of single-photon-based differential-phase-shift (DPS) quantum key distribution (QKD), which meets the unconditional security requirement [Opt. Express 21, 9505]. We demonstrated an efficient experimental scheme for generating subnatural linewidth polarization-entangled photon pairs with controllable temporal length. [Phys. Rev. Lett. 112, 243602 (2014)]. In addition, we proposed an experimentally feasible highly error-tolerant quantum key distribution scheme using qudits [Phys. Rev. A 92, 062324 (2015)], which is going to be implemented in some experimental groups.

In summary, we have published 2 papers in Nature Physics, 2 in Nature Communications, 6 in Physical Review Letters, 2 in Optical Express, 16 in Physical Reviews, and 4 in other journals.

6.2 Potential for further development of the research and the proposed course of action *(maximum half a page)*

Our unified theory of topological gapless bands and the proposed models pave the way for exploring novel topological matter. Several experimental groups have been working along the lines suggested by us. In addition, our quantum key distribution scheme using qudits is going to be implemented in some experimental groups in the mainland of China.

6.3 Research collaboration achieved (please give details on the achievement and its relevant impact)

During the period of this CRF project, the PC and 4 Co-Is as well as the group members had a number of meetings/workshops and round-table discussions. In particular, Du's group at HKUST and Chau's group at HKU had a half-day meeting plus intensive later discussions, and worked together to have realized the first experimental demonstration of single-photon-based DPS type of QKD, which was published in Optics Express. In addition, the PC, RBL, and WY as well as some of their group members had meetings/discussions, plus the inter-institutional ones among the PC's group and RBL's group. The work on the boundary-bulk correspondence of topological systems of the PC's group, and the work of Yao's group on the valley orbit coupling of excitons in monolayer transition metal dichalcogenides benefited from these meetings/discussions, which were acknowledged in the publications. In addition, the PC and Du's group had also meetings and discussions, and the work on single-photon transport of PC acknowledged the discussions. The PC's group at HKU and Dr. M. Gong in Liu's group at CUHK collaborated on study and simulation of some exotic topological systems, and the work was published.

7. The Layman's Summary

(describe <u>in layman's language</u> the nature, significance and value of the research project, in no more than 200 words)

Quantum control and quantum information processing using atomic optical systems and solid state systems are cutting edge sciences with applications in device science, communication, cryptography, and metrology. In this collaborative project, we have brought together the existing research strength in these areas in Hong Kong to form a team to make the following important research achievements. (1) We realized the detection of single nuclear spin pairs, which may help advance single-molecule nuclear magnetic resonance spectroscopy. (2) We realized experimentally a quantum communication protocol that meets the unconditional security requirement. (3) We established a unified theory of topological metals, which are novel matter to rarely exist in nature. All of these results have been published in leading journals including Nature Physics, Physical Review Letters, and Nature Communications *etc.*, which will not only advance our understanding of the exotic quantum science, but also expand our imagination for tomorrow's quantum technology innovation.

Part C: Research Output

8. Peer-reviewed journal publication(s) arising <u>directly</u> from this research project

(Please attach a copy of the publication and/or the letter of acceptance if not yet submitted in the previous progress report(s). All listed publications must acknowledge RGC's funding support by quoting the specific grant reference.)

The	Latest Status	of Publica	tions	Author(s)	Title and	Submitted	Attached	Acknowle	Accessible
Year of publication	Year of Acceptance (For paper accepted but not yet published)	Under Review	Under Preparation (optional)	(denote the corresponding author with an asterisk*)	Journal/Book (with the volume, pages and other necessary publishing details specified)	to RGC (indicate the year ending of the relevant progress report)	to this report (Yes or No)		from the institutional repository (Yes or No)
2013				S.L. Zhu*, Z.D. Wang*, Y.H. Chan, L.M. Duan	Topological Bose-Mott Insulators in a One-Dimensi onal Optical Superlattice / Physical Review Letters 110, 075303	2013	No	Yes	Yes
2013				T. Zhou, Z. D. Wang*	Revealing Majorana fermion states in a superfluid of cold atoms subject to a harmonic potential /Phys. Rev. B 88, 155114	2013	No	Yes	Yes
2013				Y. X. Zhao, Z. D. Wang*	Topological Classification and Stability of Fermi Surfaces / Physical Review Letters 110, 240404	2013	No	Yes	Yes
2013				Wei Chen, R. Shen,* Z. D. Wang*, L. Sheng, B. G. Wang, D. Y. Xing	Quantitativel y probing two-electron entanglement with a spintronic quantum eraser, Phys. Rev B 87,155308	2013	No	Yes	Yes

2013	Chang Liu, Shanchao Zhang, Luwei Zhao, Peng Chen, CH. F.	"Differential- phase-shift quantum key distribution	2013	No	Yes	Yes
	Fung, H. F. Chau, M. M. T. Loy, and	heralded narrow-band single				
	Shengwang Du*	photons," Opt. Express 21, 9505				
2013	Wenhao Guo, Shuigang Xu, Zefei Wu, Ning Wang, M. M. T. Loy, and Shengwang Du*	"Oxygen-assi sted charge transfer between ZnO quantum dots and graphene," Small 9, 3031	2013	No	Yes	Yes
2013	Daniel M. Farkas, Kai M. Hudek, Shengwang Du, and Dana Z. Anderson*	"Efficient direct evaporative cooling in an atom chip magnetic trap," Phys. Rev. A 87, 053417	2013	No	Yes	Yes
2014		atomic-scale structure analysis of single nuclear-spin clusters in diamond/ Nature Physics 10, 21	2013	No	Yes	Yes
2013	Gang-Qin Liu, Hoi Chun Po, Jiangfeng Du, Ren-Bao Liu*, Xin-Yu Pan*	Noise-resilie nt quantum evolution steered by dynamical decoupling / Nature Communicati ons 4, 2254	2013	No	Yes	Yes
2013	Shao-Wen Chen, Zhan-Feng Jiang & Ren-Bao Liu*	Quantum criticality at high temperature revealed by spin echo / New Journal of Physics 15 043032	2013	No	Yes	Yes

2012		Bo-Bo Wei & Ren-Bao Liu*	Lee-Yang Zeros and Critical Times in Decoherence of a Probe Spin Coupled to a Bath / Physical Review Letters 109, 185701	2013	No	Yes	Yes
2013			Protecting dissipative quantum state preparation via dynamical decoupling, Phys. Rev. A 87, 032314	2013	No	Yes	Yes
2013		Hongyi Yu, and Wang Yao*	Entanglement detection and quantum metrology by Raman photon-diffra ction imaging, Phys. Rev. A 87, 042303	2013	No	Yes	Yes
2013		Zhao-Ming Wang, Lian-Ao Wu*, Michele Modugno, Wang Yao, and Bin Shao	Fault-tolerant almost exact state transmission, Sci. Rep. 3, 3128	2013	No	Yes	Yes
2014		Y. X. Zhao, Z. D. Wang*	Topological connection between stability of Fermi surfaces and topological insulators & superconduct ors, Phys. Rev. B89, 075111		Yes	Yes	Yes
2013		W. Jia, Z. D. Wang*	Single-photo n transport in a one-dimentio nal waveguide coupling to a hybrid atom-optome chanical system, Phys.		Yes	Yes	Yes

		Rev. A88, 063821			
2013	H. F. Chau	Quantum speed limit with forbidden speed intervals, Phys. Rev. A87, 052141	Yes	Yes	Yes
2014	Hongyi Yu, Guibin Liu, Pu Gong, Xiaodong Xu and Wang Yao*	Dirac cones	Yes	Yes	Yes
2014	X. Xu*, Wang Yao*, D. Xiao, and T. F. Heinz,	Spin and	Yes	Yes	Yes
2014	Y. X. Zhao and Z. D. Wang*	Exotic topological types of Majorana zero-modes and their quantum manipulation, Phys. Rev. B 90, 115158	Yes	Yes	Yes
2014	Kaiyu Liao, Hui Yan*, Junyu He, Shengwang Du, Zhi-Ming Zhang, Shi-Liang Zhu*	"Subnatural-l inewidth polarization-e ntangled photon pairs with controllable temporal length," Phys. Rev. Lett. 112, 243602 (2014).	Yes	Yes	Yes

	-					
2014		Peng Chen,	"Manipulatin	Yes	Yes	Yes
		Weihua Wang,				
		Nian Lin, and	emission			
		Shengwang	efficiency			
		Du*	with local			
			electronic			
			states in a			
			tunneling			
			gap," Opt.			
			Express 22,			
			8234 (2014).			
2015		Y. X. Zhao and		Yes	Yes	Yes
		Z. D. Wang*	Weyl			
			semimetals			
			and their			
			topological			
			family, Phys.			
			Rev. Lett.			
			114, 206602			
2015		T. Mao and Z.	Quantum	Yes	Yes	Yes
		D. Wang*	Simulation of			
		-	Topological			
			Majorana			
			Bound States			
			and Their			
			Universal			
			Quantum			
			Operations			
			Using			
			Charge-Qubit			
			Arrays, Phys.			
			Rev. A 91,			
			012336			
2015		T. Zhou*, XJ.	. Charged-imp	Yes	Yes	Yes
		Li, Y. Gao,	urity-induced			
		and Z. D.	Majorana			
		Wang*	fermions in			
		-	topological			
			superconduct			
			ors, Phys.			
			Rev. B 91,			
			014512			
2015		D. W. Zhang*,	Simulating	Yes	Yes	Yes
		SL. Zhu, and				
		Z. D. Wang*	Weyl			
		L C	semimetal			
			physics with			
			cold atoms in			
			a			
			two-dimensio			
			nal optical			
			lattice, Phys.			
			Rev. A 92,			
			013632			
2015		Y. X. Zhao and		Yes	Yes	Yes
		Z. D. Wang*	response			
			theory of			
			topologically			
			stable Fermi			
			points and its			
			implications			
			for			
			101			1

		disordered cases, Phys. Rev. B 92, 085143			
2015	Z. Y. Xue*, M Gong, J. Liu, Y. Hu, S. L. Zhu, and Z. D. Wang*	interface between	Yes	Yes	Yes
2015	H. F. Chau	Quantum key distribution using qudits that each encode one bit of raw key, Phys. Rev. A 92, 062324	Yes	Yes	Yes
2016	Y. X. Zhao and Z. D. Wang*	1Novel Z_2 topologicalmetals andsemimetals,Phys. Rev.Lett. 116,016401	Yes	Yes	Yes
2016	T. Zhou*, Y. Gao, and Z. D. Wang*	Superconduct	Yes	Yes	Yes
2016	J. P. Lv and Z. D. Wang*		Yes	Yes	Yes

9. Recognized international conference(s) in which paper(s) related to this research project was/were delivered (*Please attach a copy of each conference abstract*)

Month/Year/	Title	Conference Name	Submitted to	Attached to	Acknowledged	Accessible from
Place			RGC (indicate	this report	the support of	the institutional
			the year ending	(Yes or No)	RGC	repository
			of the relevant		(Yes or No)	(Yes or No)
			progress report)			
Aug/2012/	Quantifying Two-electron	The International	2013	No	Yes	Yes
Dunhuang	Entanglement with a	Conference on				
	Spintronic Quantum Eraser	Quantum				
	(Invited talk),	Foundation and				
		Technology				

CRF 8G (Revised Sep 15)

M. /2012/	- The sector of the state of the sector of t	1.4.1. T. (2012	N	NZ	V
May/2013/	Topological Stability of	14th International	2013	No	Yes	Yes
Nanjing	Fermi Surfaces and Its	Workshop on Vortex Matter in				
	Connection to Topological					
	Insulators and	Superconductors				
	Superconductors (Invited					
June/2013/Sh	talk) Searching for New	International	2013	No	Yes	Yes
anghai	Topological Types of	Workshop on	2013	INU	105	105
angnai	Majorana Fermions (Invited					
	talk)	Quantum				
		Information				
		Science				
March/2013/	Strain-induced piezoelectric		2013	No	Yes	Yes
Baltimore,		Physical Society				
Maryland,		March Meeting				
USĂ	nanowires	2013				
	Single-Photon	The Rochester	2013	No	Yes	Yes
chester, New	Differential-Phase-Shift	Conferences on				
York, USA	Quantum Key Distribution	Coherence and				
		Quantum Optics				
		(CQO) and the				
		Quantum				
		Information and				
		Measurement				
		(QIM) Meeting				
	Generation and Application	The 4th Int'l	2013	No	Yes	Yes
, S. Korea	of Narrow-Band Photon	Quantum Optics				
15 10 D	Pairs (Invited talk)	Workshop Asia-Pacific		X	X	XZ
15-18 Dec 2013, Seoul,	Dynamical decoupling for decoherence control and	Conference and		Yes	Yes	Yes
Korea	noise-resilient quantum gate					
Kolea	(Invited talk)	Quantum				
	(Invited tark)	Information				
		Science 2013				
15-18 Dec	Revealing New Types of	Asia-Pacific		Yes	Yes	Yes
2013, Seoul,	Majorana Fermions and	Conference and		100		
Korea	Their Potential Application	Workshop on				
	in Topological Quantum	Quantum				
		Information				
	-	Science 2013				
12-15 Dec	Exploring and Simulating	Asia-Pacific		Yes	Yes	Yes
2014, Tainan		Conference and				
(Taiwan)	Physics (Invited talk)	Workshop on				
		Quantum				
		Information				
27.2015		Science 2014		3.7	3.7	**
27-29 May	Topological metals (Invited			Yes	Yes	Yes
2015, Channaina	talk)	Conference in				
Chongqing		Advanced Materials				
23-26 Aug	Topological metals and	Materials The Advanced		Yes	Yes	Yes
23-26 Aug 2015,		Materials of		108	1 05	1 05
Stockholm	seminiciais (invited taik)	World Congress				
(Sweden)		,, one congress				
(~	1	l	1	1	1	

10. *Student(s) trained* (please attach a copy of the title page of the thesis)

Name	Degree registered for	Date of registration	Date of thesis submission/
			graduation
Shanchao Zhang	PhD	09/2009	08/2013
Wenhao Guo	PhD	09/2009	08/2013

Chang Liu	PhD	09/2010	08/2014
Yuxin Zhao	PhD	09/2010	08/2014

11. Other impact (*e.g. award of patents or prizes, collaboration with other research institutions, technology transfer, etc.*)

Collaborations with others at University of Science & Technology of China, Institute of Physics (CAS), Nanjing University, South China Normal University, University of Michigan at Ann Arbor, and University of Colorado at Boulder.